

### Fund Objective

The Satrix Low Equity Balanced Index Fund is Regulation 28 compliant and offers diversified exposure to all the key local and international asset classes. The Fund tracks a composite index benchmark, with a long term strategic asset allocation, rebalanced on a bi-annual basis in March and September.

### Fund Strategy

The composite benchmark of the fund comprises the following asset class building blocks.

#### Asset Class Index Exposure

SA equity (21%)	FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted Index
SA bonds (23%)	JSE All Bond Index
SA property (6%)	FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index
SA inflation-linked bonds (10%)	S&P SA Sovereign Inflation-Linked Bond Index
SA cash (20%)	STeFI Composite
International equities (14%)	MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI)
International bonds (3%)	Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate
International cash (3%)	JP Morgan 1D US cash rate

### Why choose this fund?

- \*Investment in a stable, low equity multi-asset class fund.
- \*Exposure to multiple asset classes in South Africa and abroad.
- \*The benefit of significant local and global diversification.
- \*Access to a fund that aims to steadily grow capital, whilst providing income over the medium to longer term

### Fund Information

<b>ASISA Fund Classification</b>	SA - Multi Asset - Low Equity
<b>Category Benchmark</b>	SA - Multi Asset - Low Equity - Median
<b>Risk profile</b>	Cautious
<b>Benchmark</b>	Proprietary Satrix Low Equity Balanced Index
<b>Portfolio launch date</b>	Jul 2014
<b>Fee class launch date</b>	Jul 2014
<b>Minimum investment</b>	Manual: Lump sum: R10 000   Monthly: R500 SatrixNOW.co.za: No minimum
<b>Portfolio size</b>	R890.3 million
<b>Last two distributions</b>	30 Jun 2018: 19.22 cents per unit 31 Dec 2018: 30.02 cents per unit
<b>Income decl. dates</b>	30 June   31 Dec
<b>Income price dates</b>	1st working day in July & January
<b>Valuation time of fund</b>	17:00
<b>Transaction cut off time</b>	Manual: 15:00 SatrixNOW.co.za: 13:30
<b>Daily price information</b>	Local newspaper and www.satrix.co.za
<b>Repurchase period</b>	3 working days

### Fees (Incl. VAT)

	Retail Class (%)
<b>Advice initial fee (max.)</b>	N/A
<b>Manager initial fee</b>	N/A
<b>Advice annual fee (max.)</b>	1.15
<b>Manager annual fee</b>	0.40
<b>Total Expense Ratio (TER)</b>	0.48
<b>Transaction Cost (TC)</b>	0.12

Advice fee | Any advice fee is negotiable between the client and their financial advisor. An annual advice fee negotiated is paid via a repurchase of units from the investor.

The portfolio manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. This fund is also available via certain LISPS (Linked Investment Service Providers), which levy their own fees. Where this fund invests into other unit trusts, it does so into zero fee classes except for offshore equity (0.30%) and offshore bonds (0.15%).

Total Expense Ratio (TER) | The Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the charges incurred by the portfolio, for the payment of services rendered in the administration of the CIS. The TER is expressed as a percentage of the daily NAV of the CIS and calculated over a period of 1 year. The TER is calculated from 01 January 2018 to 31 December 2018. A higher TER does not imply a poor return nor does a low TER imply a good return.

The Transaction Cost (TC) is the cost incurred by the portfolio in the buying and selling of underlying assets. This is expressed as a percentage of the daily NAV of the CIS and calculated over a period of 1 year. Obtain the costs of an investment prior to investing by using the EAC calculator provided at www.satrix.co.za

### Top 10 Holdings

Securities	% of Portfolio
Satrix World Equity Tracker Fund I	11.52
Institutional Cash Series Plc - Institutional US Dollar Liq	2.45
Naspers -N-	2.06
GrowthPoint	1.52
Satrix Emer Mkt Eqty Trk Id	1.49
Redefine	1.10
FirstRand / RMBH	1.07
Stanbank	1.00
Sasol	0.97
NEPI ROCKCASTLE PLC	0.87

Top 10 Holdings as at 28 Feb 2019

### Performance (Annualised) as at 28 Feb 2019 on a rolling monthly basis

Retail Class	Fund (%)	Benchmark (%)	Category (%)
1 year	4.28	4.76	5.00
3 year	5.49	6.13	5.51
5 year	N/A	N/A	N/A
Since inception	5.97	6.52	5.73

Annualized return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

### Performance (Cumulative) as at 28 Feb 2019 on a rolling monthly basis

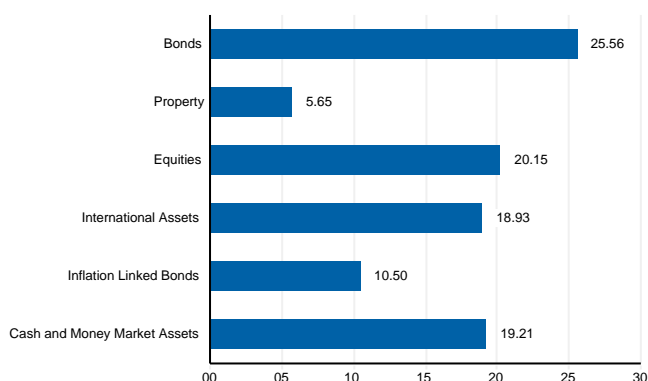
Retail Class	Fund (%)	Benchmark (%)	Category (%)
1 year	4.28	4.76	5.00
3 year	17.38	19.52	17.46
5 year	N/A	N/A	N/A
Since inception	30.45	33.57	29.11

Cumulative return is aggregate return of the portfolio for a specified period

### Actual highest and lowest annual returns\*

Highest Annual %	7.70
Lowest Annual %	4.02

### Asset Allocation



### Portfolio Manager(s) Quarterly Comment - 31 Dec 2018

#### Market review

In December, the MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI) fell 7.2% in US Dollar, which is the worst December return for global equities on record since 1988. For the year, global equities lost a very disappointing 11.2%, which is the worst year since the 2008 Global Financial Crisis and the sixth worst year on record. Despite underperforming the MSCI ACWI significantly in December, the US was the best performing region in 2018.

This performance was on the back of expectations that global growth is slowing, a tightening monetary policy, swelling fiscal deficits, earnings headwinds and political uncertainty, which are all very legitimate and will probably grow more pronounced over the coming months and quarters. The Chinese PMI disappointed with the Shanghai stock exchange down 19% for the year despite the government attempting to stimulate demand by cutting the bank reserve requirement four times. The Brexit vote, which will take place in January, also created much uncertainty in the UK and the rest of Europe. Emerging Markets (-2.9%), Asia Pacific ex-Japan (-3%) and Europe (-4.7%) fell less than the global aggregate in December, but finished 2018 as the three worst performing regions.

However, the correction over the course of the last quarter of 2018, in particular the December meltdown, was probably too violent, overstating the immediacy of the aforementioned market risks.

Returning to South Africa, in comparison the local market underperformed emerging markets materially in 2018, opening up the possibility of better performance in 2019, particularly for domestic-focused stocks in the SA market.

The poor returns from equities was on the back of poor business confidence, which remains very weak as demonstrated by the South African Chamber of Commerce and Industry (SACCI) business confidence data. Private sector fixed capital formation has collapsed from 17% of GDP in 2007 to lows of 11% of GDP currently. Political uncertainty also weighed on the JSE as the finance minister's confession at the Zondo commission of enquiry led to his recall by the president ahead of the Medium Term Budget. However, the appointment of former Reserve Bank Governor, Tito Mboweni - our fourth finance minister in three years - calmed the market's nerves.

Following three months of negative total returns, SA Equities rebounded in December, with the FTE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) (+4.3%) returning its second-best monthly performance for 2018. The ALSI's performance was boosted by SA Resources (+12.3%) posting its best monthly performance since July 2017. This was boosted by the Gold Index, which jumped a huge 25.2% in December, as investors looked to gold as a safe haven amid the global turmoil and US government shutdown.

During 2018, SA Equities (ALSI) lost 8.5% against 21% and 2.6% gains during the two previous calendar years. This was SA Equities' worst annual loss since 2008 when the ALSI also lost about 8.5% in Rand terms. Across the JSE sectors, the dispersion of returns was very wide with Resources outperforming in 2018 with a total return of 15.5%. SA Financials shed 8.8% and SA Industrials were the worst performers among SA equities, losing 17.5% over the year.

The FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index (SAPY) was the worst performing asset class with a negative total return of 25.3% (2017: +17.2%, 2016: +10.2%). Cash posted a total return of 7.2% in 2018 while SA Bonds were the best performing asset class, with the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index (ALBI) delivering a total return of 7.7% (2017: +10.2%).

#### Portfolio performance

Almost 30 of the top 40 JSE stocks are in bear market territory, i.e. down some 20% from the peak. This year has been characterised by a number of JSE-listed companies paying the price for their foreign forays and suffering from a regulatory backlash in a number of sectors such as hospitals, tobacco manufacturing and even gaming. However, in most cases the market has taken a worst-case scenario by severely punishing the valuations of very well-run businesses.

The FTSE/JSE Capped Shareholder Weighted All Share Index (CAPSWI), for the first time in quite a while after shedding 3.79%, performed closely in line with the SWIX, which was down 3.98%. The main reason for this was that for once Naspers (NPN) did not play a meaningful role in the performance difference as its 5% negative return was in line with that of most of the different market indices.

During the September FTSE/JSE index review, Anheuser-Busch InBev, after being inward listed on the FTSE/JSE for just more than two years, was included in the All Share indices with a weight of about 1% while Pioneer Foods was deleted from the indices.

Your portfolio performed in line with its benchmark. The difference in your return relative to its benchmark was mainly due to our optimised model portfolio marginally underperforming the SWIX. Trading costs as well as market impact due to rebalance trades also influenced performance. Our optimised portfolio holds between 135 and 140 shares out of a possible 160-plus shares at an ex-ante active risk of between 7 and 10 basis points.

#### Conclusion

If the first week of trading in 2019 is anything to go by, then market participants look set for another volatile year. The week started off positively, buoyed by Trump's tweet of 'big progress' between the US and China on their ongoing trade war. Despite the short-term positive, though, the fact remains that the three major economic issues of the US-China trade war, slowing economic growth and Brexit have yet to be properly resolved and until this is done, a sword of Damocles will remain hanging over global markets.

We have been there before in 2008 when many expected a decade-long bear market for equities. And yet businesses adapt and adjust to tough economic conditions and in this context, we are of the view that patient equity investors will be rewarded with handsome returns over the next three years.

#### Portfolio Manager(s)

##### The Satrix Investment Team

#### Management of Investments

The management of investments are outsourced to Sanlam Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, FSP 579, an authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002.

### Risk Profile (Cautious)

This portfolio aims to protect capital in real (after inflation) terms, while providing a reasonable level of income. The portfolio displays low volatility levels, designed to reduce the probability of capital losses. This portfolio has limited exposure to equities. It is designed for maximum capital protection and aims to ensure a stable income and/or income growth.

### Additional Information

Although all reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this website/advertisement/brochure is accurate. The information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision.

\*The highest and lowest annualised performance numbers are based on 10 non-overlapping one year periods or the number of non-overlapping one year periods from inception where performance history does not yet exist for 10 years.

The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium- to long-term investments. Please note that past performances are not necessarily a guide to future performances, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the Manager, Satrix Managers (RF) (Pty) Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in other unit trust portfolios which levy their own fees, and may result in a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The fund may from time to time invest in foreign instruments which could be accompanied by additional risks as well as potential limitations on the availability of market information. The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. The portfolio management of all the portfolios is outsourced to financial services providers authorized in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Standard Chartered Bank is the appointed trustee of the Satrix Managers Scheme.

### Trustee Information

#### Standard Chartered Bank

Tel no.: 011 217 6600, E-mail: [zatrustee.securities@sc.com](mailto:zatrustee.securities@sc.com)

### Glossary of Terms

#### Collective investment scheme (CIS)

A collective investment scheme (or unit trust) comprises a pool of assets such as equities, bonds, cash and listed property, which are managed by an investment manager and is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act no 45 of 2002. Each investor has a proportional stake in the CIS portfolio based on how much money he or she contributed. The word "unit" refers to the portion or part of the CIS portfolio that is owned by the investor. The "trust" is the financial instrument that is created in order to manage the investment. The trust enables financial experts to invest the money on behalf of the CIS investor.

#### Linked Investment Service Provider (LISP)

A Linked Investment Service Provider is a financial institution which packages, distributes and administers a broad range of unit trust based investments. Any investment made through these products gives an investor a single point of entry into a selection of different investments.

#### Composite benchmark

Multi-asset class funds offer exposure to various asset classes including cash, equity, bonds and property both locally and internationally. In a passively managed multi-asset class fund each underlying asset class is managed to deliver the return of its respective index. For example, in the SATRIX Low Equity Balanced Index Fund the property exposure is managed to deliver the performance of the FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index (J253). The composite index simply combines the underlying indices, each adhering to a specified weight.

#### Index

An index is a unique grouping of shares, selected according to a pre-defined methodology e.g. largest market capitalisation or highest dividend yield. An index can be constructed to represent the overall market, a specific sector or a theme. The index performance can be used as a benchmark against which to compare active fund performances. A well-constructed index should be transparent, replicable and investable.

#### Long term strategic asset allocation

The long term strategic asset allocation is the exact weighting for each asset class within the composite benchmark. The composite is rebalanced back to the strategic asset allocation biannually (March and September).

#### Rand-hedge protection

A Rand-hedge is a way of maximising returns on your investment in rand terms, through an offshore investment. The rand value of your investment increases if the currency declines (when the rand depreciates, the rand value of your offshore investment appreciates).

#### Total Expense Ratio (TER)

This is the total costs associated with managing and operating an investment (excluding administration, financial planning and servicing fees). These costs consist primarily of management fees and additional expenses such as trading fees, legal fees, auditor fees and other operational expenses. The total cost of the fund is divided by the fund's total assets under management to arrive at a percentage amount, which represents the TER.

#### Volatility

Volatility is a measure of 'risk', and refers to the extent to which the price of an investment or fund fluctuates over a certain period of time. Funds with a high volatility usually offer the potential for higher returns over the longer term than low volatility funds but also the potential for significant downside.

#### Tax Free Unit Trust

This Fund qualifies as a tax free investment according to section 12T of the Income Tax Act, with effect from 1 March 2015. South African individuals qualify for the associated tax benefits namely no tax on dividends, income or capital gains whilst still enjoying all the benefits of a unit trust. Note contributions to tax free investments are limited to R33 000 per tax year, with a lifetime limit of R500 000. Amounts invested in excess of these permissible thresholds are taxable.