**Advice fee** | Any advice fee is negotiable between the client and their financial advisor. An annual advice fee negotiated is paid via a repurchase of units from the investor. The portfolio manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. This fund is also available via certain LISPs (Linked Investment Service Providers), which levy their own fees.

**Fund Strategy** | We believe that the benchmark choice and resulting returns form the most important elements of an equity strategy - by investing in a passive vehicle the returns to investment strategies are known. By applying a full replication strategy, the fund will mirror the composition of the chosen benchmark. In order to reduce costs and minimise tracking error, Satrix Property Index Fund engages in scrip lending activities.

**Why choose this fund?**
*Investors wanting exposure to SA Listed Property stocks at a compelling cost.
*The fund is a cost-effective, asset allocation tool which investors can use to diversify their portfolios with sector specific exposure.
*Investors requiring an overall yield including both income generation and long-term capital appreciation.

**Top 10 Holdings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Securities</th>
<th>% of Portfolio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GrowthPoint</td>
<td>22.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redefine</td>
<td>16.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEPI ROCKCASTLE PLC</td>
<td>12.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fortressa</td>
<td>6.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyprop</td>
<td>5.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resilient</td>
<td>4.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vukile</td>
<td>4.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATTACQ Limited</td>
<td>3.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mas Plc</td>
<td>2.95</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Performance (Annualised) as at 30 Apr 2019 on a rolling monthly basis**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Retail Class</th>
<th>Fund (%)</th>
<th>Benchmark (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>(10.21)</td>
<td>(9.63)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 year</td>
<td>(4.05)</td>
<td>(3.46)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 year</td>
<td>5.33</td>
<td>5.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Since inception</td>
<td>6.32</td>
<td>6.93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Annualized return is the weighted average compound growth rate over the period measured.

**Performance (Cumulative) as at 30 Apr 2019 on a rolling monthly basis**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Retail Class</th>
<th>Fund (%)</th>
<th>Benchmark (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>(10.21)</td>
<td>(9.63)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 year</td>
<td>(11.67)</td>
<td>(10.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 year</td>
<td>29.67</td>
<td>32.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Since inception</td>
<td>51.28</td>
<td>57.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cumulative return is aggregate return of the portfolio for a specified period.

**Actual highest and lowest annual returns**

- **Highest Annual %**: 37.16
- **Lowest Annual %**: (10.21)

Advice fee | Any advice fee is negotiable between the client and their financial advisor. An annual advice fee negotiated is paid via a repurchase of units from the investor. The portfolio manager may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. This fund is also available via certain LISPs (Linked Investment Service Providers), which levy their own fees.

Total Expense Ratio (TER) | The TER is the charges incurred by the portfolio, for the payment of services rendered in the administration of the CIS. The TER is expressed as a percentage of the daily NAV of the CIS and calculated over a period of 1 year. The TER is calculated from 01 April 2018 to 31 March 2019. A higher TER does not imply a poor return nor does a low TER imply a good return.

The Transaction Cost (TC) is the cost incurred by the portfolio in the buying and selling of underlying assets. This is expressed as a percentage of the daily NAV of the CIS and calculated over a period of 1 year. Obtain the costs of an investment prior to investing by using the EAC calculator provided at www.satrix.co.za

**Fund Information**

- **ASISA Fund Classification**: SA - Real Estate - General
- **Risk profile**: Aggressive
- **Benchmark**: FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index (J253)
- **Portfolio launch date**: Aug 2012
- **Fee class launch date**: Aug 2012
- **Minimum investment**: Manual: Lump sum: R10 000 I Monthly: R500 SatrixNOW.co.za: No minimum
- **Portfolio size**: R1 779.7 million
- **Last two distributions**: Jun 2018: 42.93 cents per unit Dec 2018: 47.96 cents per unit
- **Income decl. dates**: 30 Jun I 31 Dec
- **Income price dates**: 1st working day in July and January
- **Valuation time of fund**: 17:00
- **Transaction cut off time**: Manual: 15:00 SatrixNOW.co.za: 13:30
- **Scrip lending desks**: Sanlam Investments | Investec
- **Daily price information**: Local newspaper and www.satrix.co.za
- **Repurchase period**: 3 working days

**Fees (Incl. VAT)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Retail Class (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advice initial fee (max.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager initial fee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advice annual fee (max.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager annual fee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Expense Ratio (TER)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Cost (TC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Issue Date**: 17 May 2019
Market Review

The FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index (SAPY) returned a total of 1.45% during the first quarter of 2019 against the -4% in the last quarter of 2018. This was still much worse than the FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) return of 8% and below that of cash (1.8%) and bonds, which returned a credible 3.8%. For the last 12 months the SAPY materially underperformed all other major domestic asset classes, returning -5.7% versus 5% for equities, 3.5% for bonds, and about 7.3% for cash.

The best performing shares in the SAPY for the quarter included Stenprop (+15.6%), Sirius (10%) and Investec Property Fund (+8.7%). By contrast, the worst performers were Fortress A (-20%), Accelerate Property Fund, also an underperformer during the last quarter of 2018 (-16.7%), and Hyprop (-9%).

The South African commercial property market continues to trade in a weak macroeconomic environment with low investor confidence. The office market is experiencing high vacancy rates across the different sectors of the market. High vacancy rates are facing downward pressure on rental escalations, which are trending close to the inflation rate. Super regional shopping centres are outperforming the market, with mid-tier malls lagging the pocket.

In the industrial sector vacancy rates are presently close to the long-term average. While economic growth is impacting negatively on the sector, demand is being underpinned by the logistics sector and the demand for e-retailing-related space.

Fund performance

The current quarter was again somewhat quiet on the corporate action front.

During the March 2018 FTSE/JSE/SAPY rebalance, Hospitality B was included in the index again, despite being one of the worst shares regarding liquidity previously, replacing the underperforming Rebosis, and the weightings of Redefine and the Equity Fund increased while EMI and Growthpoint decreased in the SAPY Index. The one-way turnover was a low 1.44%.

Your fund performed in line with the SAPY benchmark. Any deviations from the benchmark could solely be attributed to cash flows.

Outlook

Following the weak return for the last 12 months, the SAPY has derailed to an attractive 9% trailing income yield, and about a 9.5% clean forward yield. The trailing and forward yields are now at a slight discount (i.e. higher) to the SA long bond yield of 8.6%. This is a good rule of thumb to highlight cheapness in the sector, just as US investors may, for example, compare the dividend yield on the S&P 500 Index to US Treasury yields. The income yield alone is also over 3.5% higher than inflation expectations, and over 1% higher than cash rates. With the SAPY also likely to show growth in dividends (unlike cash and bonds) at the same level as CPI in the long run (4% to 6% p.a.), the total return spread relative to inflation, cash and bonds looks very attractive.

Further, given the sharp sell-off in 2018, it is possible that investors at these levels also benefit from a rerating of the sector back to about 8% or, in a best-case scenario, a 7.5% yield. One negative, however, over the short term is the recent interest rate hike, albeit small, which affects the finance costs of REITs given their debt gearing. Another negative is the fact that valuations are currently depressed, which makes it difficult for them to do any accretive acquisitions, which has in the past added to dividend growth rates. So, for now, they will have to rely almost entirely on organic growth.

Portfolio Manager(s)

The Satrix Investment Team

Management of Investments

The management of investments are outsourced to Sanlam Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, FSP 579, an authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002.
Risk Profile (Aggressive)
This is an aggressively managed, high-risk portfolio that aims to deliver capital growth over the long term (greater than 5 years). It is designed to track the benchmark. There may be some capital volatility in the short term, although higher returns may be expected from five years or beyond.

Additional Information
Although all reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this website/advertisement/brochure is accurate, the information to follow does not constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision.

The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA. Collective investment schemes are generally medium to long-term investments. Please note that past performances are not necessarily a guide to future performances, and that the value of investments / units / unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the Manager, Satrix Managers (RF) (Pty) Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in Collective Investment Schemes in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the portfolio and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a portfolio. The performance of the portfolio depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. The portfolio may invest in other unit trust portfolios which levy their own fees, and may result in a higher fee structure for our portfolio. All the portfolio options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The fund may from time to time invest in foreign instruments which could be accompanied by additional risks as well as potential limitations on the availability of market information. The Manager has the right to close any portfolios to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. The portfolio management of all the portfolios is outsourced to financial services providers authorized in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Standard Chartered Bank is the appointed trustee of the Satrix Managers Scheme.

Trustee Information
Standard Chartered Bank
Tel no.: 011 217 6600, E-mail: zatrustie.securities@sc.com

Glossary of Terms
Collective Investment scheme (CIS)
A collective investment scheme (or unit trust) comprises a pool of assets such as equities, bonds, cash and listed property, which is managed by an investment manager and is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act no 45 of 2002. Each investor has a proportional stake in the CIS portfolio based on how much money he or she contributed. The word “unit” refers to the portion or part of the CIS portfolio that is owned by the investor. The “trust” is the financial instrument that is created in order to manage the investment. The trust enables financial experts to invest the money on behalf of the CIS investor.

Linked Investment Service Provider (LISP)
A Linked Investment Service Provider is a financial institution which packages, distributes and administers a broad range of unit trust based investments. Any investment made through these products gives an investor a single point of entry into a selection of different investments.

Index
An index is a unique grouping of shares, selected according to a pre-defined methodology e.g. largest market capitalisation or highest dividend yield. An index can be constructed to represent the overall market, a specific sector or a theme. The index performance can be used as a benchmark against which to compare active fund performances. A well-constructed index should be transparent, replicable and investable.

FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index (J253)
The FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property Index consists of the largest 20 liquid companies by market capitalisation in the Real Estate Investment and Services Sector and Real Estate Investment Trust Sector with a primary listing on the JSE.

Market cap weighted index
A market cap weighted index is created by giving weightings to shares according to the company’s size (or capitalisation). The larger the company’s market capitalisation, the larger it’s weighting in the index.

Market capitalisation (or market cap)
Market capitalisation (or market cap) is the total value of the issued shares of a publicly traded company; it is calculated by multiplying the current share price by the number of shares outstanding. This value is an indication of a company’s size (or capitalisation).

Passive investment
Passive investment is a style of investing where a fund replicates the performance a particular market index. Passive investment vehicles include Exchange Traded Funds (ETF’s) and index tracking unit trusts. They are so called because the portfolio manager doesn’t choose the underlying portfolio. They simply replicate the index they have chosen to track.

Replication strategy
This fund employs a full replication strategy i.e. it replicates the index exactly by buying the same shares as those in the index in the same proportions, rebalancing whenever the index is rebalanced.

Total Expense Ratio (TER)
This is the total costs associated with managing and operating an investment (excluding administration, financial planning and servicing fees). These costs consist primarily of management fees and additional expenses such as trading fees, legal fees, auditor fees and other operational expenses. The total cost of the fund is divided by the fund’s total assets under management to arrive at a percentage amount, which represents the TER.

Volatility
Volatility is a measure of ‘risk’, and refers to the extent to which the price of an investment or fund fluctuates over a certain period of time. Funds with a high volatility usually offer the potential for higher returns over the longer term than low volatility funds but also the potential for a significant downside.

Tax Free Unit Trust
This Fund qualifies as a tax free investment according to section 12T of the Income Tax Act, with effect from 1 March 2015. South African individuals qualify for the associated tax benefits namely no tax on dividends, income or capital gains whilst still enjoying all the benefits of a unit trust. Note contributions to tax free investments are limited to R133 000 per tax year, with a lifetime limit of R500 000. Amounts invested in excess of these permissible thresholds are taxable.